

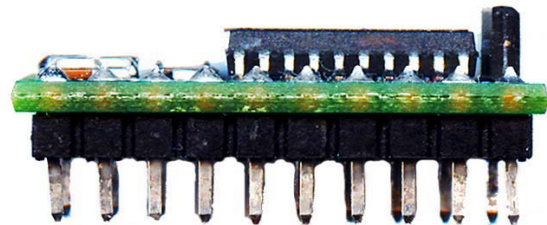
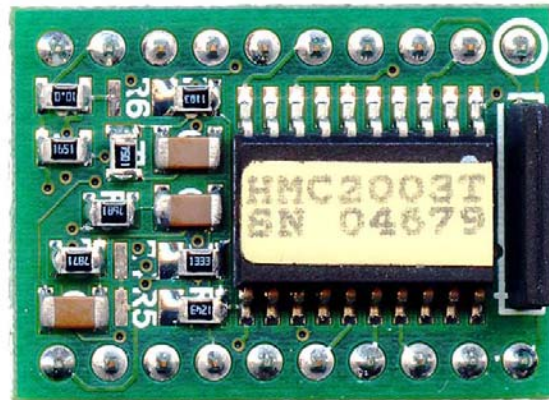
THREE-AXIS MAGNETIC SENSOR HYBRID

Features

- 20-pin Wide DIP Footprint (1" by 0.75")
- Precision 3-axis Capability
- Factory Calibrated Analog Outputs
- 40 micro-gauss to ± 2 gauss Dynamic Range
- Analog Output at 1 Volt/gauss (2.5V @ 0 gauss)
- Onboard +2.5 Volt Reference
- +6 to +15 Volt DC Single Supply Operation
- Very Low Magnetic Material Content
- -40° to 85°C Operating Temperature Range

General Description

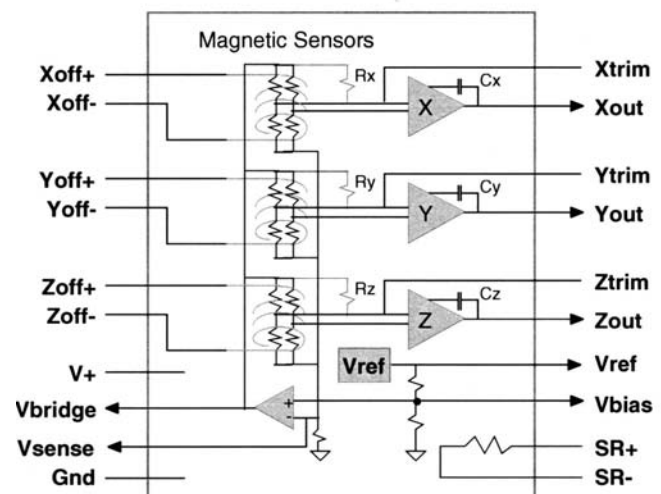
The Honeywell HMC2003 is a high sensitivity, three-axis magnetic sensor hybrid assembly used to measure low magnetic field strengths. Honeywell's most sensitive magneto-resistive sensors (HMC1001 and HMC1002) are utilized to provide the reliability and precision of this magnetometer design. The HMC2003 interface is all analog with critical nodes brought out to the pin interfaces for maximum user flexibility. The internal excitation current source and selected gain and offset resistors, reduces temperature errors plus gain and offset drift. Three precision low-noise instrumentation amplifiers with 1kHz low pass filters provide accurate measurements while rejecting unwanted noise.



APPLICATIONS

- Precision Compassing
- Navigation Systems
- Attitude Reference
- Traffic Detection
- Proximity Detection
- Medical Devices

BLOCK DIAGRAM



SPECIFICATIONS

Characteristics	Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ	Max	Units ⁽²⁾
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Magnetic Field

Sensitivity		0.98	1	1.02	V/gauss
Null Field Output		2.3	2.5	2.7	V
Resolution			40		μgauss
Field Range	Maximum Magnetic Flux Density	-2		2	gauss
Output Voltage	Each Magnetometer Axis Output	0.5		4.5	
Bandwidth			1		kHz

Errors

Linearity Error	±1 gauss Applied Field Sweep ±2 gauss Applied Field Sweep		0.5 1	2 2	%FS
Hysteresis Error	3 Sweeps across ±2 gauss		0.05	0.1	%FS
Repeatability Error	3 Sweeps across ±2 gauss		0.05	0.1	%FS
Power Supply Effect	PS Varied from 6 to 15V With ±1 gauss Applied Field Sweep			0.1	%FS

Offset Strap

Resistance				10.5	ohms
Sensitivity		46.5	47.5	48.5	mA/gauss
Current				200	mA

Set/Reset Strap

Resistance			4.5	6	ohms
Current	2msec pulse, 1% duty cycle	3.0	3.2	5	amps

Tempcos

Field Sensitivity			-600		ppm/°C
Null Field	Set/Reset Not Used Set/Reset Used		±400 ±100		ppm/°C

Environments

Temperature	Operating Storage	-40 -55	- -	+85 +125	°C °C
Shock			100		g
Vibration			2.2		g rms

Electrical

Supply Voltage ⁽³⁾		6		15	VDC
Supply Current				20	mA

(1) Unless otherwise stated, test conditions are as follows: Power Supply = 12VDC, Ambient Temp = 25°C, Set/Reset switching is active

(2) Units: 1 gauss = 1 Oersted (in air) = 79.58 A/m = 10E5 gamma

(3) Transient protection circuitry should be added across V+ and Gnd if an unregulated power supply is used.

General Description

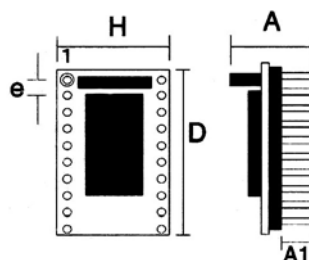
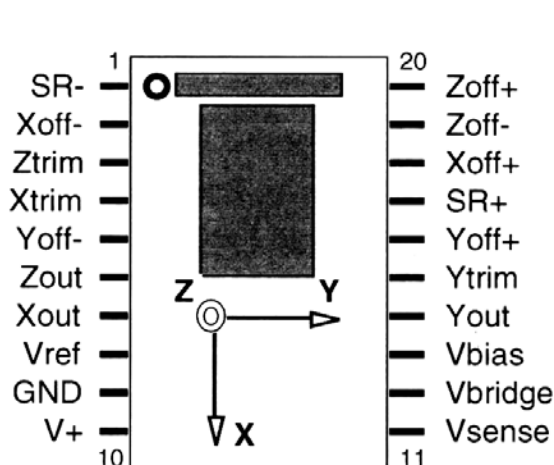
Honeywell's three axis magnetic sensor hybrid uses three permalloy magneto-resistive sensors and custom interface electronics to measure the strength and direction of an incident magnetic field. These sensors are sensitive to magnetic fields along the length, width, and height (X, Y, Z axis) of the 20-pin dual-in-line hybrid. Fields can be detected less than 40 microgauss and up to ± 2 gauss. Analog outputs are available for each X, Y and Z axis from the hybrid. With the sensitivity and linearity of this hybrid, changes can be detected in the earth's magnetic field to provide compass headings or attitude sensing. The high bandwidth of this hybrid allows for anomaly detection of vehicles, planes, and other ferrous objects at high speeds.

The hybrid is packaged on a small printed circuit board (1" by 0.75") and has an on-chip +2.5 voltage reference that operates from a single 6 to 15V supply. The hybrid is ideal for applications that require two- or three-axis magnetic sensing and have size constraints and need a magnetic transducer (magnetometer) front-end. Note that the hybrid's resistor values will vary, or an absence of some resistor components, is likely due to individual factory calibration.

Integrated with the sensor elements composed of wheatstone bridge circuits, are magnetically coupled straps that replace the need for external field coils and provide various modes of operation. The Honeywell patented integrated field offset straps (Xoff+ and Xoff-, etc.) can be used electrically to apply local magnetic fields to the bridges to buck, or offset an applied incident field. This technique can be used to cancel unwanted ambient magnetic fields (e.g. hard-iron magnetism) or in a closed loop field nulling measurement circuit. The offset straps nominally provide 1 gauss fields along the sensitive axis per 48mA of offset current through each strap.

The HMC2003's magnetic sensors can be affected by high momentary magnetic fields that may lead to output signal degradation. In order to eliminate this effect, and maximize the signal output, a magnetic switching technique can be applied to the bridge using set/reset pins (SR+ and SR-) that eliminates the effect of past magnetic history. Refer to the application notes that provide information on set/reset circuits and operation.

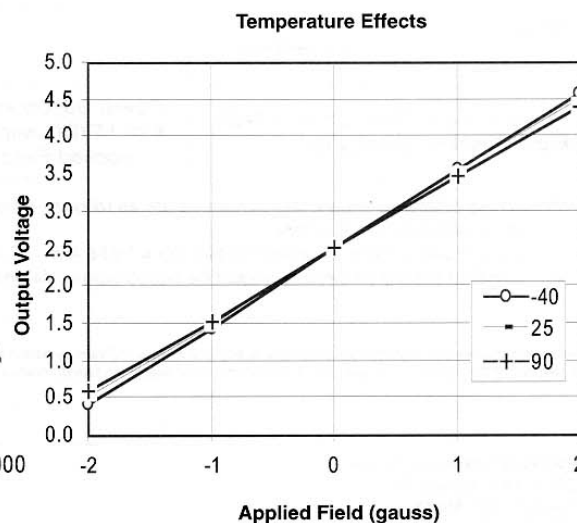
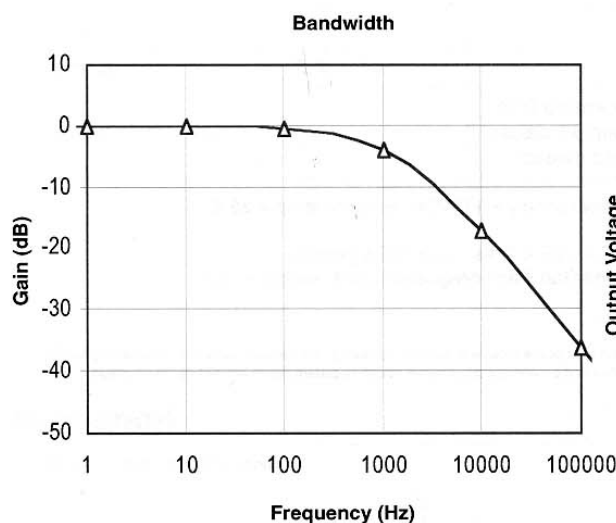
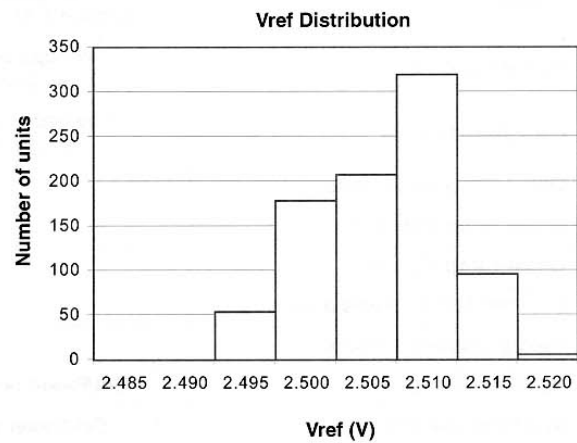
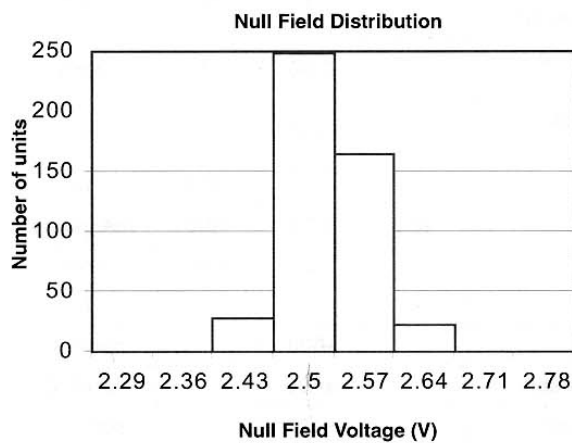
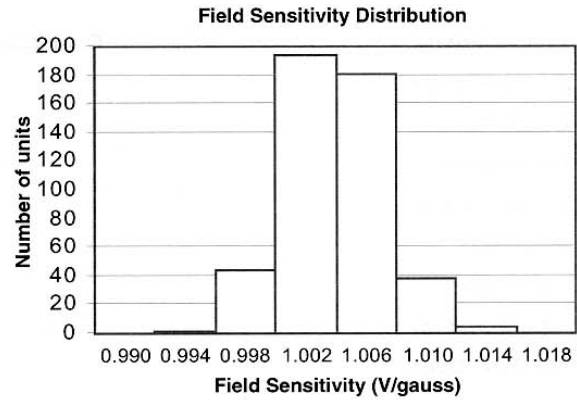
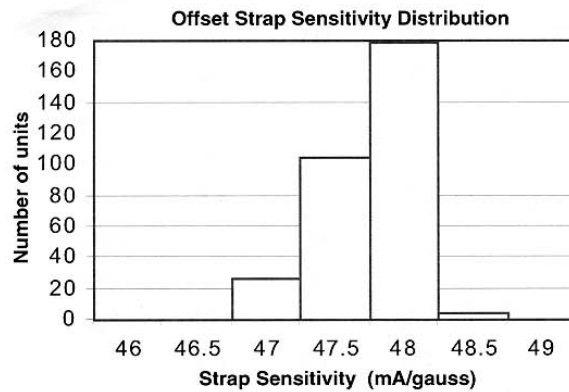
Pinout Diagram and Package Drawing



Symbol	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	10.92	11.94	0.43	0.47
A1	2.92	3.42	0.115	0.135
D	25.91	27.30	1.02	1.075
e	2.41	2.67	0.095	0.105
H	18.03	19.69	0.71	0.775

Ordering Information

Ordering Number	Product
HMC2003	Three-Axis Magnetic Sensor Hybrid



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